

**Lecture 0 of 41:
Part B – Course Content**

Introduction to Computer Graphics: Course Organization and Survey

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KSOL course page: <http://bit.ly/hGvXIH>
Course web site: <http://www.kddresearch.org/Courses/CIS636>
Instructor home page: <http://www.cis.ksu.edu/~bhsu>

Reading for Next Class:
Syllabus and Introductory Handouts
CIS 536 & 636 students: *CG Basics 1* slides
Chapter 1, Eberly (2006) *3D Game Engine Design, 2e*

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Course Overview

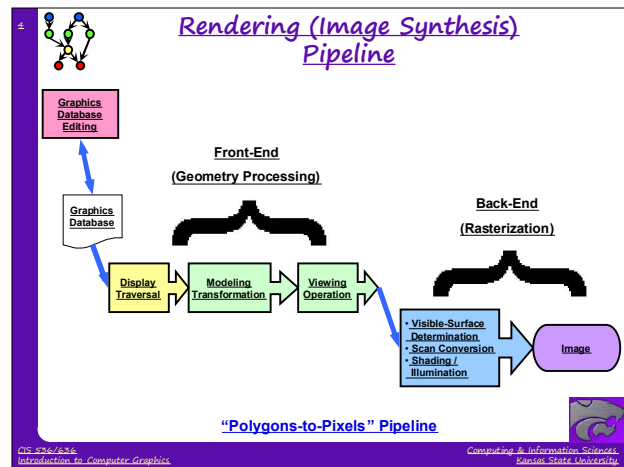
- **Graphics Systems and Techniques**
 - * Main emphasis: shaders, lighting, mappings (textures, etc.) in OpenGL
 - * Photorealistic rendering and animation (*Maya 2010, Blender, Ogre3D*)
 - * 2-D, 3-D models: curves, surfaces, visible surface identification, illumination
 - * Special topics: global illumination (ray tracing, radiosity), particle systems, fractals, scientific visualization (scviz) and information visualization (Infoviz)
- **Operations**
 - * Surface modeling, mapping
 - * Pipelines for display, transformation, illumination, animation
- **Computer Graphics (CG): Duality with Computer Vision**
- **Visualization and User Interfaces**
- **Applications**
 - * CAD/CAM/CAE: object transformations, surface/solid modeling, animation
 - * Entertainment: 3-D games, photorealistic animation, etc.
 - * Analysis: info visualization, decision support, intelligent displays

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Why Computer Graphics?

- **Developing Computational Capability**
 - * Rendering: synthesizing realistic-looking, useful, or interesting images
 - * Animation: creating visual impression of motion
 - * Image processing: analyzing, transforming, displaying images efficiently
- **Better Understanding of Data, Objects, Processes through Visualization**
 - * Visual summarization, description, manipulation
 - * Virtual environments (VR), visual monitoring, interactivity
 - * Human-computer intelligent interaction (HCI): training, tutoring, analysis, control systems
- **Time is Right**
 - * Recent progress in algorithms and theory
 - * Rapidly emergence of new I/O (display and data acquisition) technologies
 - * Available computational power, improving price-performance-ratio of hardware
 - * Growth and interest of graphics industries (e.g., games, entertainment, computer-aided design, visualization in science and business)

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User Interfaces & Hypermedia

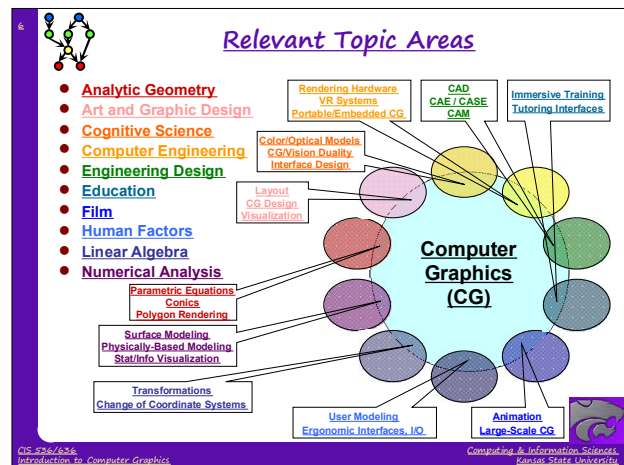
NCSA SEASR/MEANDRE
(2008 – present): <http://seasr.org>

Visual programming systems for high-performance knowledge discovery in databases (KDD), cloud computing, and more

D2K © 1998-2004 National Center for Supercomputing Applications
<http://alg.ncsa.uiuc.edu/dotools/d2k>

- **Hypermedia & Web 2.0**
 - * Web 2.0: SLATES (search, links, authoring, tags, extensions, signals)
 - * Database format (similar to hypertext): internetworked multimedia
 - * Display-based access to text, image, audio, video, etc.
- **Virtual Environments**
 - * Immersion: interactive training, tutoring systems
 - * Entertainment hypermedia
- **Graphical User Interfaces (GUIs)**
 - * Visualization: scientific, data/information, statistics
 - * GUIs: Computer-Aided Design/Engineering (CAD/CAE/CAM/CASE), etc.

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2. Shading Pipeline & Surface Modeling (Boundary Representations)

<http://bit.ly/aagZJn>

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3. Computer-Generated Animation (CGA)

Monsters Inc. (2001) © Disney/Pixar
 Tron: Legacy © 2010 Walt Disney Pictures
 Wall-E © 2008 Disney/Pixar
 Kung-Fu Panda © 2008 DreamWorks Animation SKG
 Happy Feet © 2006 Warner Brothers
 Shrek (2001) © 2001 DreamWorks Animation SKG
 Shrek 2 (2004) © 2004 DreamWorks Animation SKG
 Shrek the Third (2007) © 2007 DreamWorks Animation SKG
 Shrek Forever After (2010) © 2010 DreamWorks Animation SKG
 Luxo Jr. © 1986 Pixar Animation Studios

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4. Fractals : Iterated Function Systems (IFSs)

Fractal of the Day: <http://sprott.physics.wisc.edu/fractals.htm>

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5. Information Visualization

Visible Decisions SeeIT © 1999 VDI <http://www.advizorsolutions.com>

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11. Design Choices & Issues In Computer Graphics

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    graph TD
      A[Determine Objectives of Graphics System] --> B[Determine Display Objective]
      A --> C[Decision Support]
      A --> D[Education]
      A --> E[Control Interface]
      B --> F[Determine Representations In Graphics Database]
      B --> G[Interactively Analyze Data / Documents]
      B --> H[Visualize Physical Objects]
      B --> I[Monitor Process]
      F --> J[Determine and Implement Rendering Pipeline]
      F --> K[Solid Geometric Model]
      F --> L[Wireframe / Polygon Mesh]
      F --> M[NURBS]
      F --> N[Fractal System]
      J --> O[Shaded-Polygon Rendering]
      J --> P[Ray Tracing]
      J --> Q[Radiosity and Polygon Shading]
      O --> R[Completed Design]
  
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12. Math Review for CIS 536 / 636


- **Overview: First Month (Weeks 2-5 of Course)**
 - * Review of mathematical foundations of CG: analytic geometry, linear algebra
 - * Line and polygon rendering
 - * Matrix transformations
 - * Graphical interfaces
- **Line and Polygon Rendering (Week 3)**
 - * Basic line drawing and 2-D clipping
 - * Bresenham's algorithm
 - * Follow-up: 3-D clipping, z-buffering (painter's algorithm)
- **Matrix Transformations (Week 4)**
 - * Application of linear transformations to rendering
 - * Basic operations: translation, rotation, scaling, shearing
 - * Follow-up: review of standard graphics libraries (starting with OpenGL)
- **Weeks 5 - 6: More OpenGL and DirectX3D**
- **Graphical Interfaces**
 - * Brief overview
 - * Survey of windowing environments (SDL in OpenGL, DirectX)

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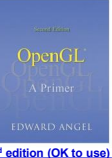
Textbook and Recommended References



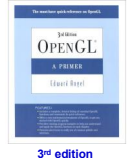
1st edition (outdated)



2nd edition



2nd edition (OK to use)



3rd edition

Required Textbook

Eberly, D. H. (2006). *3D Game Engine Design: A Practical Approach to Real-Time Computer Graphics*, second edition. San Francisco, CA: Morgan Kaufman.

Recommended References

Angel, E. O. (2007). *OpenGL: A Primer, third edition*. Reading, MA: Addison-Wesley. [2nd edition on reserve]



Shreiner, D., Woo, M., Neider, J., & Davis, T. (2009). *OpenGL® Programming Guide: The Official Guide to Learning OpenGL®, Versions 3.0 and 3.1, seventh edition*. ["The Red Book"]; use 7th ed. or later]

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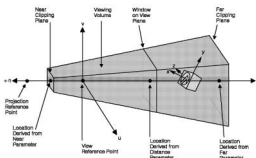
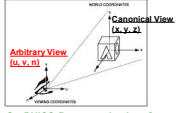
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Next Class

- Photorealism**

<http://realismstudio.com> © 2001 Square Enix Studios <http://bit.ly/9YzCZy>
- 3-D Camera Model**

The GRAPHICS Programming Interface: Understanding Concepts
 © 2007 IBM
<http://bit.ly/cS4h7g>

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Summary

- This course is a lot of work**
 - Reading: Eberly 2nd – big book, like Foley *et al.*
 - Programming assignments (4): expect to spend 10+ hours on each
 - Written assignments (4): about 6-10 hours
 - Term project: at least 20 hours (people have spent up to 50 or more)
- ... but it can also be fun**
 - Visible results
 - Nifty algorithms, high-performance hardware
 - "Putting it all together": very interdisciplinary field
 - Decent job market for people with right development skills, ideas
 - Applicable to many other areas of CS and IT
- Emphasis**
 - "Polygons to pixels pipeline": viewing, VSD, lighting, shading, texturing
 - Other topics to be covered: animation, curves and surfaces, collisions
 - Brief survey of: ray tracing, visualization and color, fractals
- Tutorials (GameDev aka Nehe):** <http://nehe.gamedev.net>

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Terminology

- Computer Graphics: Digital Synthesis, Manipulation of Visual Content**
- Graphics Problems (see "Computer Graphics", Wikipedia)**
 - Geometry: representation and processing of surfaces
 - Animation: representation and manipulation of motion
 - Rendering: computationally reproducing appearance of light in scenes
 - Imaging: image acquisition, editing, processing
- Different Approaches to Graphics**
 - Raster (bitmaps, picture elements *aka* pixels) vs. vector (lines)
 - Sample-based (cf. *Photoshop*) vs. geometry-based (cf. *OpenGL*, *Direct3D*)
- Purpose of Graphics**
 - Entertainment – games, visual effects in movies and television
 - Communications – advertising, journalism
 - Modeling / simulation – displaying objects, events via graphical user interfaces (GUIs)
 - Visualization – displaying events for analysis and understanding
- Dual Problem: Inverse Input and Output**
 - Graphics (rendering): geometry to sample (image)
 - Vision: sample to geometry

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