

## Lecture 0 of 41: Part B – Course Content

### Introduction to Computer Graphics: Course Organization and Survey

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**KSOL course page:** <http://bit.ly/hGvXIH>

**Course web site:** <http://www.kddresearch.org/Courses/CIS636>

**Instructor home page:** <http://www.cis.ksu.edu/~bhsu>

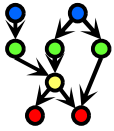
#### **Reading for Next Class:**

Syllabus and Introductory Handouts

CIS 536 & 636 students: *CG Basics 1* slides

Chapter 1, Eberly (2006) *3D Game Engine Design, 2<sup>e</sup>*

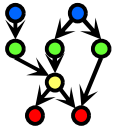




## Course Overview

- **Graphics Systems and Techniques**
  - \* Main emphasis: shaders, lighting, mappings (textures, etc.) in OpenGL
  - \* Photorealistic rendering and animation (*Maya 2010, Blender; Ogre3D*)
  - \* 2-D, 3-D models: curves, surfaces, visible surface identification, illumination
  - \* Special topics: global illumination (ray tracing, radiosity), particle systems, fractals, scientific visualization (sciviz) and information visualization (infoviz)
- **Operations**
  - \* Surface modeling, mapping
  - \* Pipelines for display, transformation, illumination, animation
- **Computer Graphics (CG): Duality with Computer Vision**
- **Visualization and User Interfaces**
- **Applications**
  - \* CAD/CAM/CAE: object transformations, surface/solid modeling, animation
  - \* Entertainment: 3-D games, photorealistic animation, etc.
  - \* Analysis: info visualization, decision support, intelligent displays

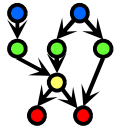




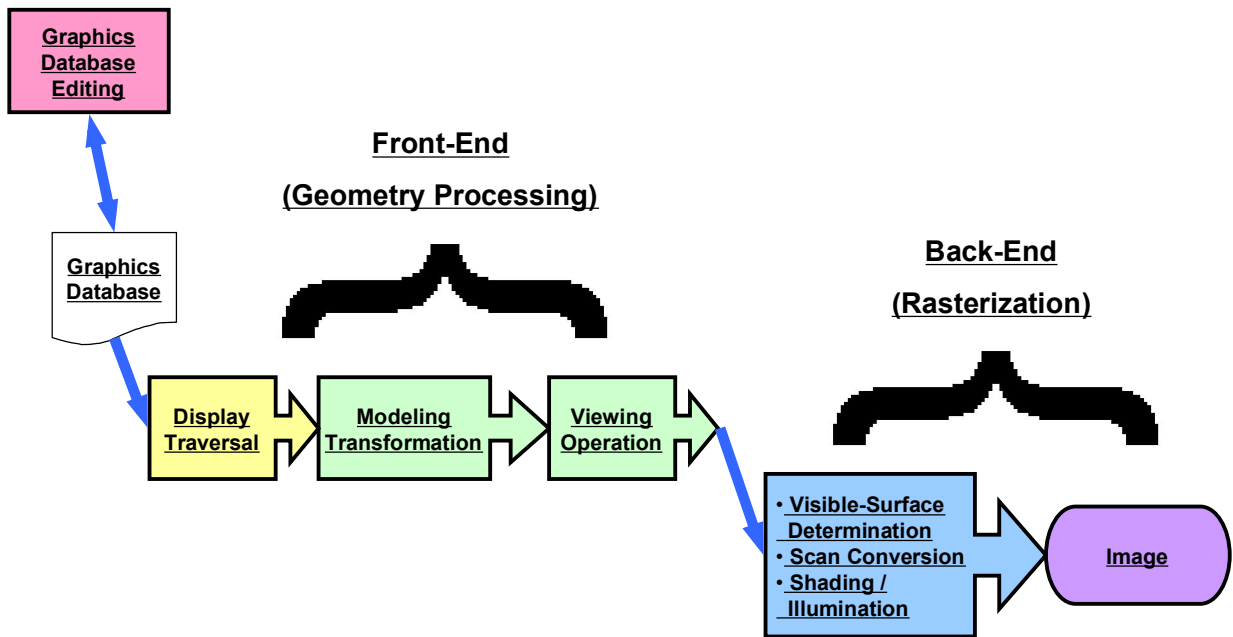
## Why Computer Graphics?

- **Developing Computational Capability**
  - \* Rendering: synthesizing realistic-looking, useful, or interesting images
  - \* Animation: creating visual impression of motion
  - \* Image processing: analyzing, transforming, displaying images efficiently
- **Better Understanding of Data, Objects, Processes through Visualization**
  - \* Visual summarization, description, manipulation
  - \* Virtual environments (VR), visual monitoring, interactivity
  - \* Human-computer intelligent interaction (HCII): training, tutoring, analysis, control systems
- **Time is Right**
  - \* Recent progress in algorithms and theory
  - \* Rapidly emergence of new I/O (display and data acquisition) technologies
  - \* Available computational power, improving price-performance-ratio of hardware
  - \* Growth and interest of graphics industries (e.g., games, entertainment, computer-aided design, visualization in science and business)



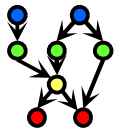


## Rendering (Image Synthesis) Pipeline

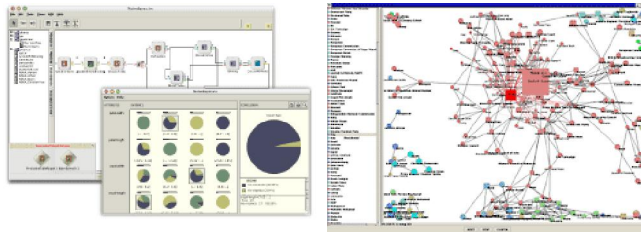


### "Polygons-to-Pixels" Pipeline





## User Interfaces & Hypermedia



D2K © 1999-2004 National Center for Supercomputing Applications  
<http://alg.ncsa.uiuc.edu/do/tools/d2k>

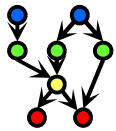
NCSA SEASR/MEANDRE

(2008 – present): <http://seasr.org>

Visual programming systems for  
high-performance knowledge  
discovery in databases (KDD),  
cloud computing, and more

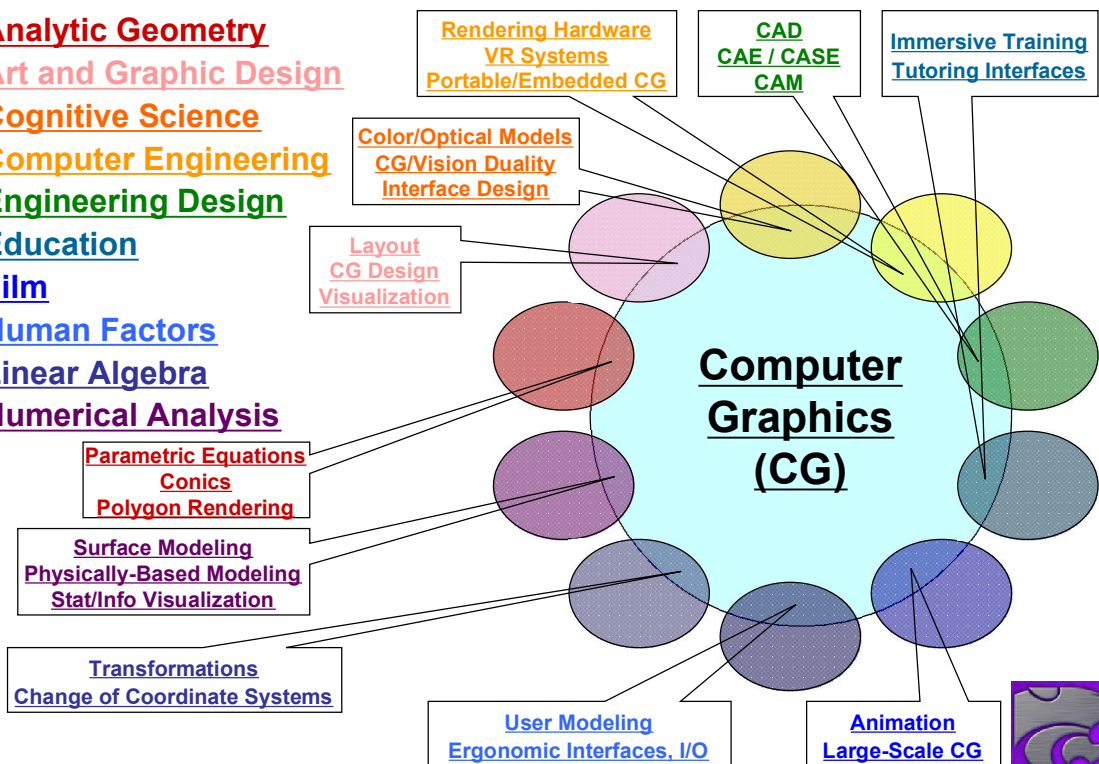
- Hypermedia & Web 2.0
  - \* Web 2.0: SLATES (search, links, authoring, tags, extensions, signals)
  - \* Database format (similar to hypertext): internetworked multimedia
  - \* Display-based access to text, image, audio, video, etc.
- Virtual Environments
  - \* Immersion: interactive training, tutoring systems
  - \* Entertainment hypermedia
- Graphical User Interfaces (GUIs)
  - \* Visualization: scientific, data/information, statistics
  - \* GUIs: Computer-Aided Design/Engineering (CAD/CAE/CAM/CASE), etc.

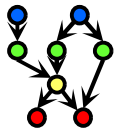




## Relevant Topic Areas

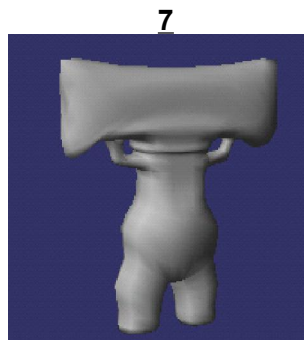
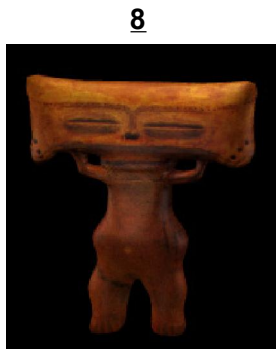
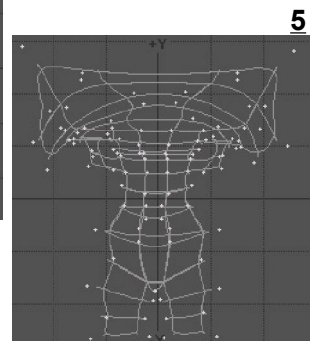
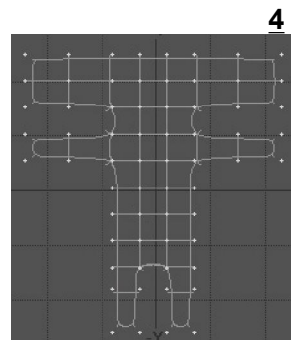
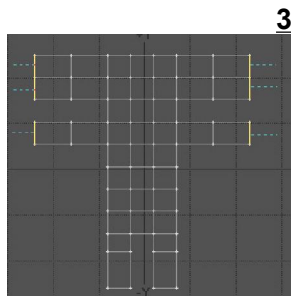
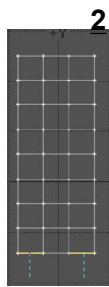
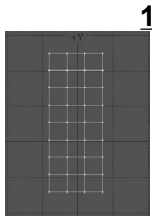
- Analytic Geometry
- Art and Graphic Design
- Cognitive Science
- Computer Engineering
- Engineering Design
- Education
- Film
- Human Factors
- Linear Algebra
- Numerical Analysis

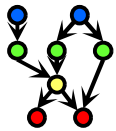




# Shading Pipeline & Surface Modeling (Boundary Representations)

<http://bit.ly/aagZJn>





## Computer-Generated Animation (CGA)

[Monsters Inc. \(2001\)](#)  
[Monsters Inc. 2 \(2012\)](#)  
 © Disney/Pixar



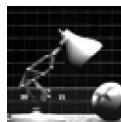
[Kung-Fu Panda](#)  
 © 2008 DreamWorks  
 Animation SKG



[Happy Feet](#)  
 © 2006  
 Warner Brothers



[Toy Story \(1995\)](#)  
[Toy Story 2 \(1999\)](#)  
[Toy Story 3 \(2010\)](#)  
 © Disney/Pixar



[Luxo Jr.](#)  
 © 1986 Pixar Animation Studios

[Tron: Legacy](#)  
 © 2010  
 Walt Disney Pictures



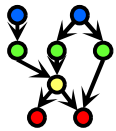
[Shrek \(2001\)](#)  
[Shrek 2 \(2004\)](#)  
[Shrek the Third \(2007\)](#)  
[Shrek Forever After \(2010\)](#)  
 © DreamWorks Animation SKG



[WALL-E](#)  
 © 2008 Disney/Pixar



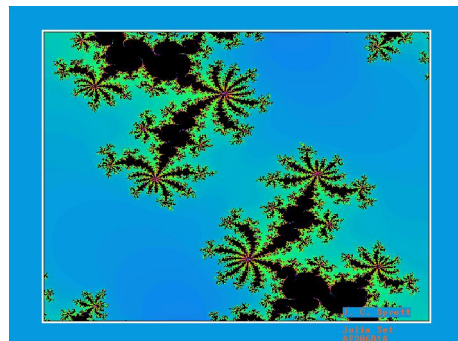




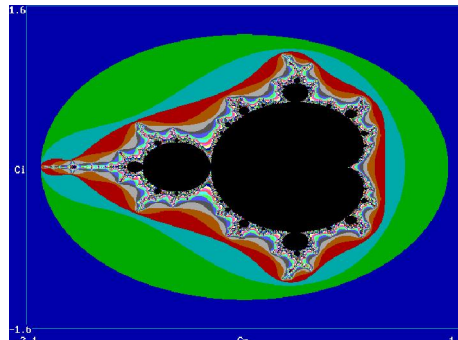
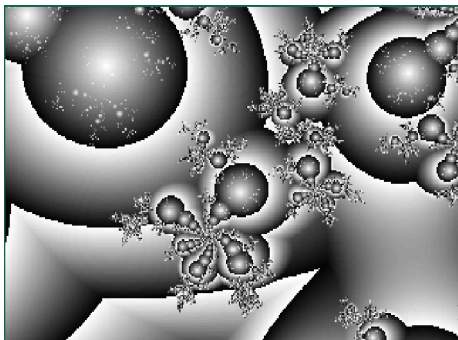
# Fractals : Iterated Function Systems (IFSs)



Fractal Fern (Dimension = 1.8)

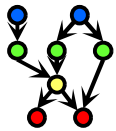


Fractal Tree

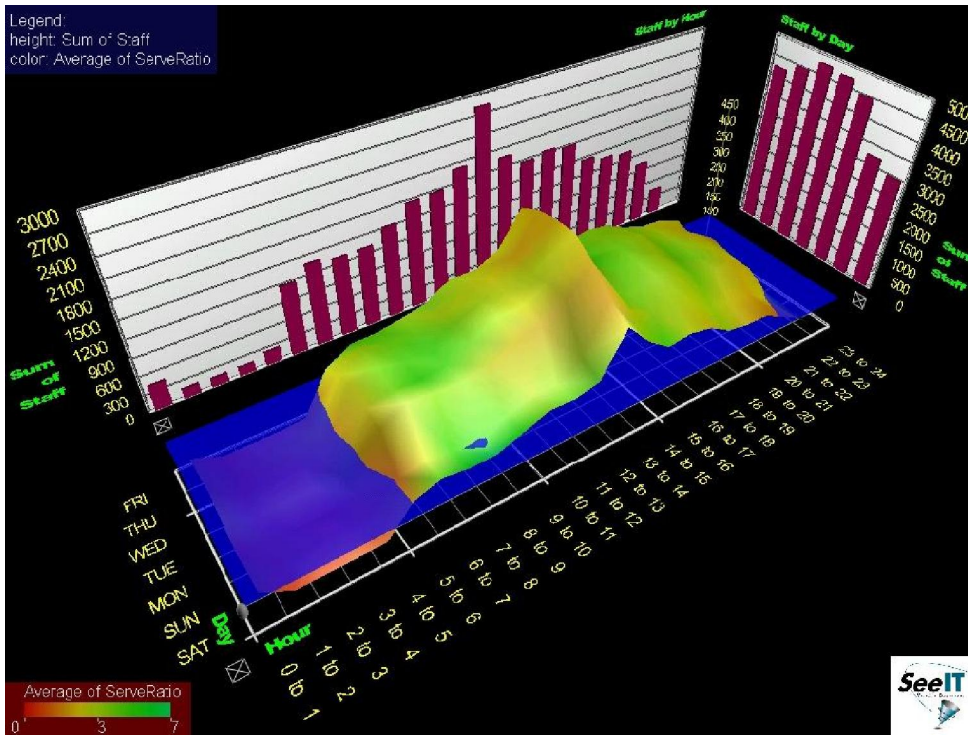


Fractal of the Day: <http://sprott.physics.wisc.edu/fractals.htm>



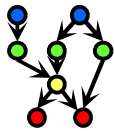


# Information Visualization

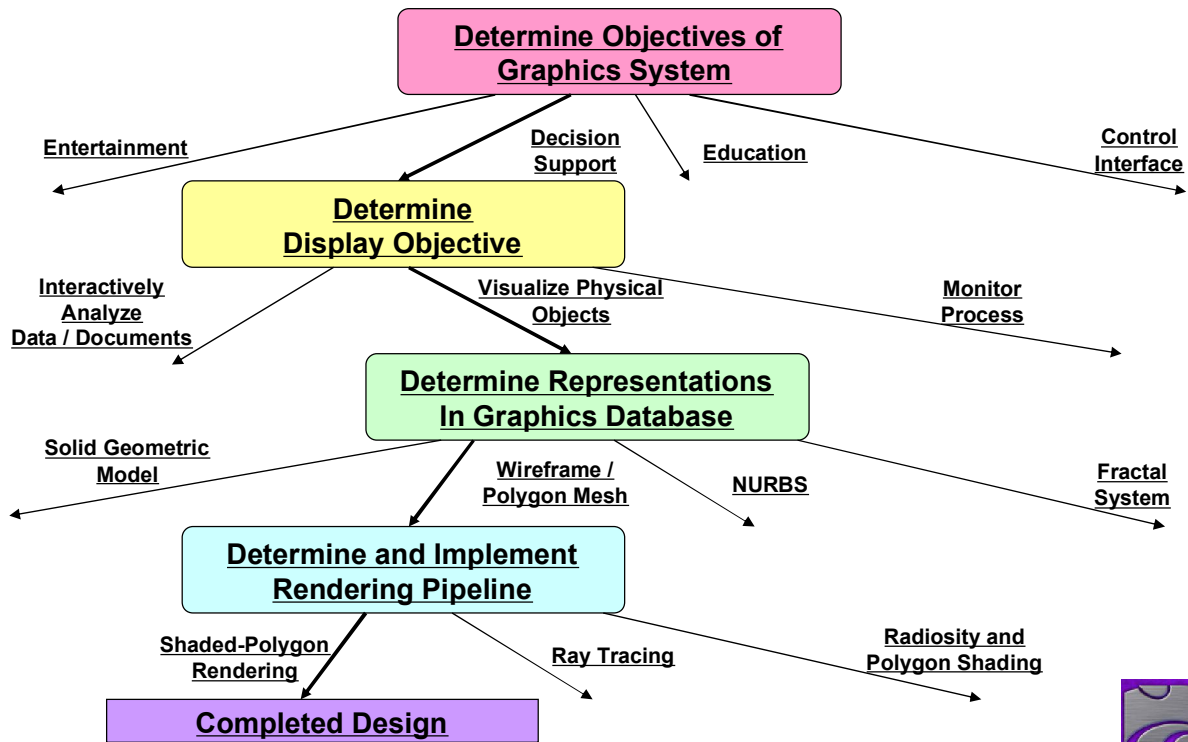


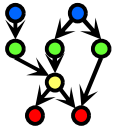
Visible Decisions SeeIT © 1999 VDI

<http://www.advizorsolutions.com>



# Design Choices & Issues In Computer Graphics

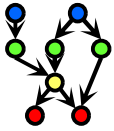




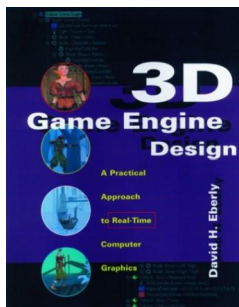
## Math Review for CIS 536 / 636

- **Overview: First Month (Weeks 2-5 of Course)**
  - \* Review of mathematical foundations of CG: analytic geometry, linear algebra
  - \* Line and polygon rendering
  - \* Matrix transformations
  - \* Graphical interfaces
- **Line and Polygon Rendering (Week 3)**
  - \* Basic line drawing and 2-D clipping
  - \* Bresenham's algorithm
  - \* Follow-up: 3-D clipping, z-buffering (painter's algorithm)
- **Matrix Transformations (Week 4)**
  - \* Application of linear transformations to rendering
  - \* Basic operations: translation, rotation, scaling, shearing
  - \* Follow-up: review of standard graphics libraries (starting with OpenGL)
- **Weeks 5 – 6: More OpenGL and Direct3D**
- **Graphical Interfaces**
  - \* Brief overview
  - \* Survey of windowing environments (SDL in OpenGL, DirectX)





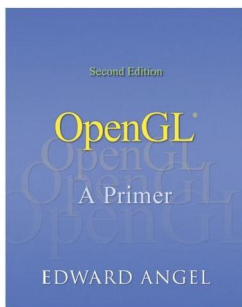
## Textbook and Recommended References



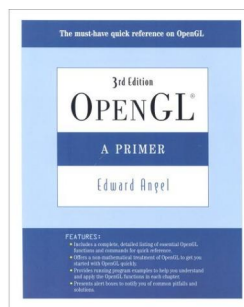
1st edition (outdated)



2nd edition



2nd edition (OK to use)



3rd edition

### Required Textbook

Eberly, D. H. (2006). *3D Game Engine Design: A Practical Approach to Real-Time Computer Graphics, second edition.* San Francisco, CA: Morgan Kaufman.

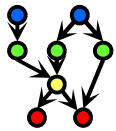
### Recommended References

Angel, E. O. (2007). *OpenGL: A Primer, third edition.* Reading, MA: Addison-Wesley. [2nd edition on reserve]

Shreiner, D., Woo, M., Neider, J., & Davis, T. (2009). *OpenGL® Programming Guide: The Official Guide to Learning OpenGL®, Versions 3.0 and 3.1, seventh edition.*

["The Red Book":  
use 7th ed. or later]





## Next Class

- **Photorealism**



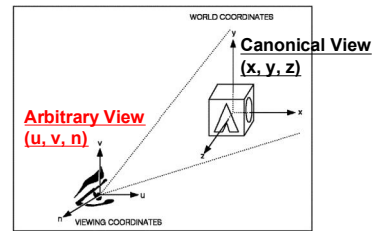
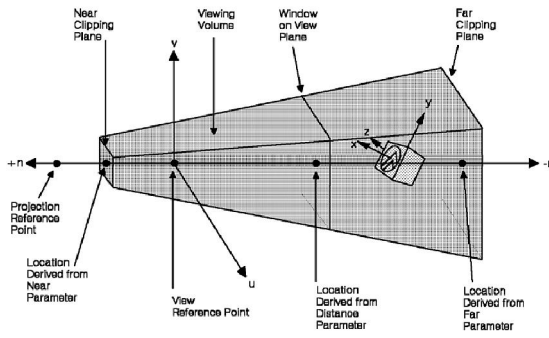
<http://realismstudio.com>



© 2001 Square Enix Studios

<http://bit.ly/9YzCZy>

- **3-D Camera Model**

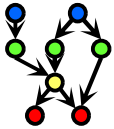


*The GraPHIGS Programming Interface:  
Understanding Concepts*

© 2007 IBM

<http://bit.ly/cS4h7g>

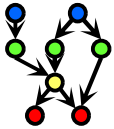




## Summary

- **This course is a lot of work**
  - \* Reading: Eberly 2<sup>e</sup> – big book, like Foley *et al.*
  - \* Programming assignments (4): expect to spend 10+ hours on each
  - \* Written assignments (4): about 6-10 hours
  - \* Term project: at least 20 hours (people have spent up to 50 or more)
- **... but it can also be fun**
  - \* Visible results
  - \* Nifty algorithms, high-performance hardware
  - \* “Putting it all together”: very interdisciplinary field
  - \* Decent job market for people with right development skills, ideas
  - \* Applicable to many other areas of CS and IT
- **Emphasis**
  - \* “Polygons to pixels pipeline”: viewing, VSD, lighting, shading, texturing
  - \* Other topics to be covered: animation, curves and surfaces, collisions
  - \* Brief survey of: ray tracing, visualization and color, fractals
- **Tutorials (GameDev aka Nehe): <http://nehe.gamedev.net>**





## Terminology

- **Computer Graphics: Digital Synthesis, Manipulation of Visual Content**
- **Graphics Problems (see “Computer Graphics”, Wikipedia)**
  - \* Geometry: representation and processing of surfaces
  - \* Animation: representation and manipulation of motion
  - \* Rendering: computationally reproducing appearance of light in scenes
  - \* Imaging: image acquisition, editing, processing
- **Different Approaches to Graphics**
  - \* Raster (bitmaps, picture elements aka pixels) vs. vector (lines)
  - \* Sample-based (cf. Photoshop) vs. geometry-based (cf. OpenGL, Direct3D)
- **Purpose of Graphics**
  - \* Entertainment – games, visual effects in movies and television
  - \* Communications – advertising, journalism
  - \* Modeling / simulation – displaying objects, events via graphical user interfaces (GUIs)
  - \* Visualization – displaying events for analysis and understanding
- **Dual Problem: Inverse Input and Output**
  - \* Graphics (rendering): geometry to sample (image)
  - \* Vision: sample to geometry

